# **APACE**

# **Revegetation Catalogue**

# **Beermullah Vegetation Complex**



Apace Aid Inc. 2019

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#### **APACE WA**

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APACE is a non-profit, community-based organisation located on one hectare of land adjacent to the banks of the Swan River in North Fremantle. The offices are housed in historic Winter House, built in the 1880's and restored by a community project in the early 1980's. APACE WA has been resident at Winter House since 1983.

Activities undertaken by APACE WA include:

- The APACE Revegetation Nursery specialises in the propagation and supply of plant species
  indigenous to the Swan Coastal Plain and the Darling Range. Plants from the nursery are used
  in revegetation and landscaping projects throughout the Perth metropolitan region. The nursery
  is accredited with the Nursery Industry Accreditation Scheme of Australia (NIASA) and all stock
  is grown under strict hygienic conditions.
  - Each year the nursery produces more than four hundred thousand plants and provides a selection of two hundred and eighty different species that are generally unavailable elsewhere. The APACE nursery was the first West Australian nursery to bring into cultivation a range of common rush and sedge species for wetlands revegetation projects.
- Consultancy services are provided in landscape architecture, revegetation design and site rehabilitation, including species selection, remedial works, weed eradication and other management issues. Flora and fauna surveys, where required, are also conducted. Clients include government departments, local government, schools, community groups and the private sector.
- APACE provides a comprehensive project management and implementation service. We conduct project management of both large and small-scale revegetation projects. We offer services in landscape architecture, project design, seed collection, planting, fencing and follow-up maintenance works. We also undertake a variety of construction projects including bird hides, boardwalks, beach shelters and dunal fencing.
- Since 1983 APACE has been providing education and training programmes for the community.
   Many of these programmes have had an environmental focus and have been conducted by APACE throughout Western Australia.
  - APACE offers two special courses to assist people with revegetation—"Introduction to Bush Regeneration" and "Seed Collection of West Australian Native Plants". Both courses include practical components and provide an excellent introduction to bush regeneration techniques and practices.
- The Swan Regional Seedbank has been set up by APACE to develop and maintain a regional seed bank of species indigenous to the Swan Coastal Plain and Darling Scarp and Range. The Swan Regional Seedbank provides a facility that enables community groups to store seed collected from their own reserves. The Seedbank acts as a training and education facility to support collection of indigenous seed material.

#### APACE COMMUNITY REVEGETATION NURSERY



#### **Contracts**

All plant species shown in the catalogue are propagated in preparation for the planting season (May to August). Contract orders are welcome. Orders can be placed at any time, however to secure supply of your preferred species it is advisable to order nine months prior to the planting season.

Indigenous species not shown in the catalogue but that are required can be grown on a contract basis.

Wherever possible species are grown from regional provenance seed. A seed collection service is available should you require plants to be grown from local seed.

#### Recycling

All plastic pots and trays can be returned to the nursery for re-cycling, where they are put through our pot sanitisation process before re-use.

#### How to use the Catalogue

Many of our Western Australian plants are difficult, if not impossible to propagate. The lists shown in this publication are refined from the total plant species that grow in this vegetation complex. These refinements are made after considering the following factors:

- Seed and cutting material availability
- Plants can be produced in commercial quantities
- No annual and ephemeral species are included
- No rare flora or orchid species are included
- Species for which cultivation techniques have not yet been developed

With the advent of smoke-induced germination we have seen an increase in the numbers of species brought into commercial cultivation. These numbers are likely to increase still further with continued research.

This catalogue presents the plant species in lists according to the soil type in which they naturally occur. A map indicating the locations of the different soil types is included to assist with project area identification. The lists are formed from those species that are currently able to be cultivated and for which seed and cutting material are available. Common names shown in inverted commas, such as "Mooja", are Aboriginal names. Sizes shown are median sizes (in metres). The ranges of flowering times are shown in months. Flower colours are also indicated.

#### **Notes on Soil Types**

The map on the following page shows the different soil types of the Swan Coastal Plain.

The soils of the Quindalup Dune System, Cottesloe and Karrakatta soil associations and the Bassendean Dune system are termed 'aeolian' and are named after the Greek god of the wind, *Aeolos*. Aeolian soils are deposited on the coast by the ocean and then transported by the wind to form dunes. The Quindalup dunes, being the furthermost west are the youngest at approximately 0 to 7,000 years, while the Bassendean dunes are the oldest at approximately 118,000 to 225,000 years.

Within this band of dunes is a system of north—south trending lakes and swamps, which have a surrounding peaty soil known as Herdsman soils. Yoongarillup soils on the other hand are the result of marine deposits and are found bordering Peel Inlet and Lakes Clifton and Preston and the Leschenault Inlet.

Alluvial soils are soils that have been washed and transported by water. On the Swan Coastal Plain these soils are termed Forrestfield, Guildford, Swan, Beermullah, Vasse and Yanga. Southern River soils are aeolian over alluvial and consist of Bassendean sands blown over Guildford and Forrestfield soils.

The Darling Range consists of a complex mosaic of soil types that are collectively known as Darling Range laterites. In the catalogue these have been identified as Darling Scarp and Darling plateau—laterite, granite and valleys.

#### **Acknowledgments**

The plant species arrived at in this catalogue have be obtained from the authors' experience and by reference to previous works by others. In particular the authors wish to acknowledge the work of Powell and Emberson in *Growing Locals—gardening with local plants in Perth*. This publication systematically lists the location of approximately 1,500 native plants in the Perth region and we recommend it to the reader. We would also like to acknowledge Havell in Forest Department Bulletin, numbers 86 and 87. All errors and omissions remain of course the responsibility of the authors. All comments will be gratefully appreciated.

#### References

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## MAP

# Swan Coastal Plain Soil Types

#### Aeolian Soils

Quindalup

22.4.1.4.25

Cottesloe

Herdsman

D Herd

Karrakatta



Bassendean



#### Aeolian over Alluvial

Southern River



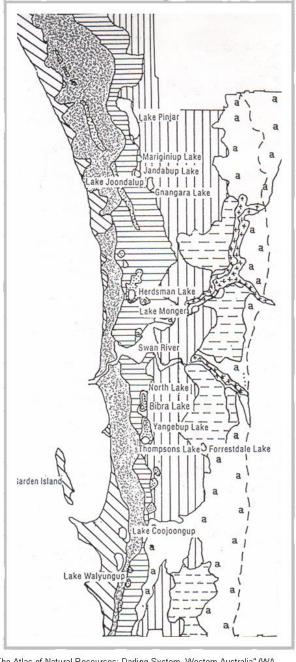
Alluvial

Swan



Other Alluvial

a



Adapted from "The Atlas of Natural Resources: Darling System, Western Australia" (WA Department of Conservation and Environment). In "Leaf and Branch: Trees & Tall Shrubs of Perth" by Robert Powell, CALM Perth (1991), p. 14.

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## **BEERMULLAH VEGETATION COMPLEX**

Genus	Species	Common Name Size		Flowers	Colour
Acacia	pulchella	Prickly Moses	2.0	Jun-Oct	yellow
Acacia	rostellifera	Summer Scented Wattle	2.0	Aug-Oct	yellow
Acacia	saligna	Coojong	6.0	Aug-Oct	yellow
Actinostrobus	pyramidalis	Swamp Cypress	2.0		
Alexgeorgea	arenicola		0.3	Apr-May	brown
Allocasuarina	humilis	Dwarf Sheoak	1.5	May-Nov	
Anigozanthos	humilis	Catspaw	0.5	Aug-Oct	yellow/red
Anigozanthos	viridis	Green Kangaroo Paw	0.5	Aug-Oct	green
Astartea	fascicularis		1.5	Dec-Feb	pink
Austrostipa	semibarbata	Bearded Spear Grass	0.5	Aug-Nov	
Baeckea	camphorosmae	Camphor Myrtle	1.0	Jul-Feb	pink
Banksia	attenuata	Candle Banksia	8.0	Sept-Oct	yellow
Banksia	menziesii	Firewood Banksia	8.0	Feb-Aug	red
Beaufortia	squarrosa	Sand Bottlebrush	1.5	Jan-Apr	orange
Bossiaea	eriocarpa	Common Brown Pea	0.5	Jul-Oct	brown/yellow
Brachycome	iberidifolia	Swan River Daisy	low	Aug-May	blue
Burchardia	multiflora	Dwarf Burchardia	low	Jul-Oct	pink
Burchardia	umbellata	Milkmaids	0.5	Aug-Oct	white
Calothamnus	sanguineus	Silky Leaved Blood Flower	1.0	Mar-Nov	red
Casuarina	obesa	Salt Sheoak	10.0		
Centella	asiatica	Centella	0.1	All Year	pink
Conostylis	aculeata	Prickly Conostylis	0.5	Sept-Oct	yellow
Dielsia	stenostachyus		0.6	Feb-May	
Dryandra	nivea	Couch Honeypot	low	May-Sept	gold
Eleocharis	acuta	Common Spike-rush	1.5	Sept-Dec	
Eremaea	pauciflora		1.0	Sept-Dec	orange
Eriostemon	spicatus	Salt and Pepper	0.5	Aug-Sept	mauve
Eucalyptus	calophylla	Marri	35.0	Jan-May	white
Eucalyptus	rudis	Flooded Gum	15.0	Apr-Nov	cream
Eucalyptus	todtiana	Prickly Bark	10.0	Feb	cream
Euchiliopsis	linearis	Swamp Pea	1.5	Jul-Dec	orange/red
Gompholobium	marginatum		0.5	Aug-Sept	yellow
Gompholobium	tomentosum	Yellow Pea	0.5	Aug-Dec	yellow
Haemodorum	laxum	Bloodroot	0.5	Nov	black
Haemodorum	simplex	Mardja	0.5	Oct-Nov	black
Haemodorum	spicatum	Mardja	0.5	Nov-Dec	black
Hakea	ceratophylla	Horned Leaved Hakea	1.0	Sept-Dec	red
Hakea	prostrata	Harsh Hakea	3.0	Aug-Nov	white
Hakea	ruscifolia	Candle Hakea	3.0	Dec-Mar	white
Hakea	sulcata	Furrowed Hakea	1.5	Aug-Sept	white
Hakea	varia	Variable Leaved Hakea	3.0	Jul-Oct	white
Hemiandra	pungens	Snake Bush	low	All Year	purple
Hovea	trisperma	Common Hovea	0.5	Jun-Sept	purple
Hypocalymma	angustifolium	White Myrtle	1.0	Jul-Oct	white
Isolepis	cernua	Nodding Club-rush	0.2	All Year	
Isolepis	nodosa	Knotted Club Rush	1.0	Nov-Mar	brown
Isopogon	dubius	Rose Coneflower	1.0	Jul-Oct	pink
Isotropis	cuneifolia	Granny Bonnets	low	Aug-Oct	red
Juncus	krausii	Sea Rush	1.5	Nov-Dec	brown

## **BEERMULLAH VEGETATION COMPLEX**

Genus	Species	Common Name	Size	Flowers	Colour
Juncus	pallidus	Giant Rush	2.0	Oct-Nov	white
Kunzea	recurva	Mountain Kunzea	1.5	Aug-Nov	mauve
Lobelia	alata	Angled Lobelia	0.3	Mar-Apr	blue
Meeboldina	coangustatus		1.0	Aug-Oct	brown
Melaleuca	lateritia	Robin Redbreast Bush	2.0	Sept-Apr	red
Melaleuca	preissiana	Modong	10.0	Nov-Jan	white
Melaleuca	rhaphiophylla	Swamp Paperbark	8.0	Sept-Jan	white
Melaleuca	teretifolia	Banbar	4.0	Oct-Jan	white
Melaleuca	trichophylla		0.7	Nov-Jan	pink/purple
Melaleuca	uncinata	Broom Honeymyrtle	3.0	Sept-Dec	yellow
Melaleuca	viminea	Mohan	5.0	Aug-Oct	white
Nemcia	capitatum	Bacon and Eggs	0.5	Jun-Sept	yellow
Neurachne	alopecuroidea	Foxtail Mulga Grass	0.5	Aug-Nov	
Patersonia	occidentalis	Western Patersonia	0.5	Sept-Dec	purple
Pericalymma	ellipticum	Swamp Tea Tree	1.0	Sept-Dec	white
Phyllanthus	calycinus	False Boronia	0.3	Jun-Nov	white
Regelia	ciliata		2.0	Nov-Feb	red
Scholtzia	involucrata	Spiked Scholtzia	1.0	Dec-Mar	white
Viminaria	juncea	Swish Bush	4.0	Oct-Dec	yellow

## **BEERMULLAH VEGETATION COMPLEX**

## **Notes**



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